

ppi 201502ZU4645

Esta publicación científica en formato digital es continuidad de la revista impresa

ISSN-Versión Impresa 0798-1406 / ISSN-Versión on line 2542-3185 Depósito legal pp

197402ZU34



CUESTIONES POLÍTICAS

Instituto de Estudios Políticos y Derecho Público "Dr. Humberto J. La Roche"
de la Facultad de Ciencias Jurídicas y Políticas de la Universidad del Zulia
Maracaibo, Venezuela



Vol.41

N° 78

Julio

Septiembre

2023



The essence of administrative legal relations in the sphere of social security for persons with disabilities

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.46398/cuestpol.4178.44>

Kostyantun Fomichov *
Nataliia Maksymenko **
Oleksandr Yunin ***
Khrystyna Rezvorovych ****
Taisia Shevchenko *****

Abstract

The purpose of the study was to learn the essence of administrative and legal relations in the sphere of social protection of persons with disabilities, to identify their characteristic features and, at the same time, to provide a legal description. A complex of scientific knowledge methods were used, based on the technique of analysis and synthesis, formal-legal, logical-semantic and statistical generalization. Administrative and legal relations in the sphere of social protection of disabled persons are an integral part of the state administration, whose policy is aimed at ensuring their social protection on an equal footing with other citizens, in terms of their participation in public life. It is concluded that, the state policy in the field of social protection of persons with disabilities consists in providing a certain list of social payments, social services and implementation of rehabilitation measures, etc., which determines the special legal status of these persons. It has been shown that military actions on the territory of Ukraine are associated with an increase of citizens suffering from various degrees of damage, leading to persistent disorder of health and life activities, in terms of disability.

Keywords: social protection; persons with disabilities; administrative legal relations; subjects of legal relations; human rights.

* Volodymyr Vinnichenko Central Ukrainian State University, Kropyvnytskyi, Ukraine. ORCID ID: <https://orcid.org/0000-0003-2062-6441>

** Volodymyr Vinnichenko Central Ukrainian State University Kropyvnytskyi, Ukraine. ORCID ID: <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-1005-5115>

*** Dnipropetrovsk State University of Internal Affairs. ORCID ID: <https://orcid.org/0000-0003-4846-2573>

**** Dnipropetrovsk State University of Internal Affairs. ORCID ID: <https://orcid.org/0000-0003-1183-613X>

***** Dnipropetrovsk State University of Internal Affairs. ORCID ID: <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-2426-4372>

La esencia de las relaciones jurídicas administrativas en el ámbito de la seguridad social de las personas con discapacidad

Resumen

El objeto del estudio fue conocer la esencia de las relaciones administrativas y jurídicas en el ámbito de la protección social de las personas con discapacidad, identificar sus rasgos característicos y, al mismo tiempo, proporcionar una descripción jurídica. Se utilizaron un complejo de métodos de conocimiento científico, basados en la técnica de análisis y síntesis, generalización formal-jurídica, lógico-semántica y estadística. Las relaciones administrativas y jurídicas en el ámbito de la protección social de las personas discapacitadas son parte integrante de la administración estatal, cuya política tiene por objeto garantizar su protección social en igualdad de condiciones con los demás ciudadanos, en cuanto a su participación en la vida pública. Se concluye que, la política estatal en el campo de la protección social de las personas con discapacidad consiste en proporcionar una lista determinada de pagos sociales, servicios sociales e implementación de medidas de rehabilitación, etc., lo que determina el estatus legal especial de estas personas. Se ha demostrado que las acciones militares en el territorio de Ucrania están asociadas con un aumento de ciudadanos que sufren diversos grados de daño, lo que conduce a un trastorno persistente de la salud y las actividades vitales, en términos de discapacidad.

Palabras clave: protección social; personas con discapacidad; relaciones jurídicas administrativas; sujetos de relaciones jurídicas; derechos humanos.

Introduction

Having ratified the foundations of the UN Convention “On the Rights of Persons with Disabilities” (Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, 2006), Ukraine undertook to define a political state course aimed at social protection of persons with disabilities.

The Preamble of the UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities defines disability as an evolving concept, and that disability is the result of the interaction that occurs between people with health impairments and relational and environmental barriers that prevent their full and effective participation in society on an equal basis with others (Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, 2006). That is why the government of the state introduced a social political model of support

for persons with disabilities with the introduction of a barrier-free social environment for them, with the opportunity to become an active layer of a progressive society and the opportunity to realize their potential.

The government of the state took a number of measures aimed at ensuring the independence of persons with disabilities, the implementation and realization of constitutional rights and freedoms in all spheres of life, taking into account their characteristics.

1. Objective of the research

The purpose of the study is to reveal the object of administrative and legal relations in the field of social protection of persons with disabilities, with the determination of their fullness of constitutional rights and the granting of a special legal status. To identify signs of legal relations in the field of social protection of persons with disabilities and to provide their characteristics.

2. Methodology

In the course of the research, a complex of general scientific and special methods of scientific knowledge was used, taking into account the peculiarities of building relationships in the field of social protection of persons with disabilities. Thus, the method of analysis and synthesis made it possible to determine the object of legal relations in the field of social protection of persons with disabilities based on the opinions of leading scientists; logical and semantic allowed to form the essence of administrative legal relations in the field of social protection of persons with disabilities; formal and legal – to highlight and characterize the signs of administrative and legal relations in the field of social protection of persons with disabilities; the method of statistical research.

By analyzing the data of the dead and persons who received various degrees of injuries as a result of hostilities on the territory of the country, indicating the number by regions of the country, to determine the connection with the increase in the percentage of people with various degrees of persistent health disorders and impossible implementation of life activities to the full extent compared to other members of society; scientific generalization - on the basis of successive analytical operational actions, the main directions of the state's social policy regarding persons with disabilities and providing them with ways of social adaptation as full-fledged citizens of society are determined; cause-and-effect relationships - in the process of arguing for an increase in the number of people with

persistent disorders of the body's functions, which leads to the limitation of their life activities, the ways of social and legal protection are determined.

The study of legal aspects of the formation of state policy in the field of protection of persons with disabilities was carried out by such scientists as: Serhiy Kandyba (Kandyba, 2020), Oleksandra Parovyshnyk (Parovyshnyk, 2015), Tetyana Kolomoiets (Kolomoiets, 2011), Svitlana Pasichnichenko (Pasichnichenko, 2010) and others.

The issue of state support in the field of social protection of persons with disabilities and the formation of rehabilitation programs for this category is becoming relevant, especially today, in wartime conditions, when the number of people who have received physical and psychological injuries, which leads to the limitation of life activities, as a result of military actions, is constantly increasing.

3. Results of the research

Disability is a social phenomenon that requires social and legal protection, because according to the State Statistics Service of Ukraine as of January 1, 2020, 2.7 million people in Ukraine have a disability, including 222.3 thousand people with the I group of disabilities, 900.8 thousand people with the II group of disabilities, 1416.0 thousand people with the III group of disabilities and 163.9 thousand children with disabilities (Official website of the Ministry of Social Policy of Ukraine, 2023).

Today, the high percentage of obtaining a permanent degree of incapacity for work, in other words – disability, as a result of the performance of work duties has become particularly acute. One of the main reasons for this situation is the conduct of hostilities on the territory of Ukraine due to the full-scale military invasion of the Russian Federation.

Thus, as of January 3, 2023, as a result of hostilities at Ukrainian enterprises since the beginning of the war, 771 workers died and received a certain degree of incapacity for work, 222 of them died. The largest number of victims among employees of enterprises registered:

- in Kyiv – 160 victims, 41 of whom were fatally injured;
- in Dnipropetrovsk region – 99 injured, 33 fatal;
- Kharkiv region – 79 injured, 17 fatal;
- Mykolaiv region – 76 injured, 28 fatal;
- Donetsk region – 68 injured, 12 fatal;
- Zaporizhzhia region – 60 injured, 12 fatal;

- Vinnytsia region – 40 injured, 12 fatal;
- Sumy region – 28 injured, 12 fatal;
- Chernihiv region – 28 injured, 8 fatal;
- in the Kyiv region – 27 injured, 11 fatally;
- and also in the Kirovohrad region – 23 injured, 11 fatally (Bakhmat city community – 2017-2023, 2023).

The above data do not include statistics of persons killed in the performance of functional duties and persons who received the appropriate degree of incapacity for work - disability, from the number of policemen, rank-and-file and senior staff of the internal affairs bodies of Ukraine, civil protection bodies and units of the State Emergency Service, and military personnel during the defense of Ukraine.

Also today, the number of people becoming disabled is increasing due to receiving shrapnel injuries as a result of mine-explosive injuries, which are the most widespread as a result of military actions on the territory of Ukraine. This was felt from the very beginning of the Anti-Terrorist Operation, which was later transformed into the Operation of the United Forces, which was conducted against the Russian aggression launched in the east of Ukraine.

Thus, according to the results of the analysis of medical scientists during the conduct of ATO/OS on the territory of Ukraine, it was shown that in the structure of sanitary losses of the surgical profile, wounded with limb injuries make up 56.7–62.6%. The results of clinical-epidemiological and clinical-anatomical studies prove that 80.4% of the wounded with shrapnel injuries of the limbs, 13.1% with bullet injuries, 2.2% with mine-explosive injuries, and 4.3% with explosive injuries (Khomenko Igor *et al.*, 2021: 128).

To date, the number of injured persons - citizens of Ukraine as a result of military operations, which would lead to disability, has not yet been announced, as the war continues. According to the official information of juvenile prosecutors, as of January 13, 2023, 453 children died and more than 877 were injured of various degrees of severity (Official website of the Ofis Heneralnoho prokurora Ukrainy, 2023), which led to varying degrees of health and vital activity disorders.

All these affected persons with the acquisition of a persistent health disorder, the number of which is constantly increasing, need social protection and the implementation of an effective social and legal policy. This and the indicated numbers already speak of the necessity and relevance of conducting a study of the peculiarities of legal regulation of administrative relations of social protection of the disabled.

To begin with, let us define the subject of legal regulation of relations. Turning to the theoretical foundations of administrative law, administrative and legal relations are an integral part of social relations arising in the process of state administration as organizational ties between their participants. Administrative and legal relations are public relations in the sphere of public administration, the participants of which act as bearers of rights and obligations regulated by the norms of administrative law (Harashchuk and Bohutskyi, 2010).

Accordingly, legal relations arise between the participants of these relations, on one side of which is the subject of authority, who exercises management in this sphere of relations, on the other - the corresponding person, endowed with rights and obligations. The basis for the emergence of these relations and the establishment of the specifics of their regulation are the relevant legal norms. To confirm this thesis, one should turn to the foundations of the theory: administrative-legal norms serve as the basis for the emergence of administrative-legal relations. Norms themselves do not directly create them, but only predict in a general form the conditions for their occurrence (Harashchuk and Bohutskyi, 2010, 57).

Therefore, the behavior of the subjects of legal relations is regulated by the norms of administrative law, which, based on the nature of law, form the corresponding mutual rights and obligations. In the framework of this thesis, Olena Kharitonova defines administrative and legal relations as social relations regulated by administrative and legal norms, consisting in the field of public administration and administrative protection of public law and order, one of the participants or all of which are the bearers of power and subjective rights and legal obligations that are under the protection of the state (Kharytonova, 2004).

Solidarity in this is expressed by Tetyana Kolomoets, who believes that administrative and legal relations are social relations regulated by the norms of administrative law, the subjects of which are endowed with rights and obligations in the sphere of ensuring the implementation and protection of rights and freedoms by executive power bodies and local self-government bodies and legitimate interests of individuals and legal entities (Kolomoiets, 2011).

Valentyn Halunko defines administrative and legal relations in two meanings: broad and narrow. In the narrow sense, these are social relations regulated by the norms of administrative law (Halunko, 2015).

The author reveals the broader meaning of the concept of administrative and legal relations, relying on the theory, which is based on the understanding that the norms of administrative law regulate public-law relations in the field of internal state administration (Halunko, 2015). Accordingly, according to the scientist, relations between: 1) public administration and natural

persons (citizens, foreigners, stateless persons) are regulated; 2) public administration and legal entities that do not have a powerful status, and natural persons with a special non-powerful status (for example, natural persons-entrepreneurs); 3) between higher and lower bodies and officials of public administration (Halunko, 2015: 38).

Valentyn Halunko singled out the following features that characterize administrative and legal relations:

- 1) they are inextricably linked with administrative and legal norms, arise and are implemented on their basis;
- 2) their main goal is to ensure the rights and freedoms of a person and a citizen, the normal functioning of civil society and the state;
- 3) they regulate a wide range of social relations between public administration and objects of public administration;
- 4) the leading feature of administrative and legal relations is their public nature, they arise at the initiative of any party, while the consent of the other party, as a rule, is not mandatory;
- 5) administrative and legal relations are mainly executive and administrative: in a narrow sense, subjects of public administration are endowed with authoritative competence, and objects are obliged to fulfill their legal requirements; along with this, under a broad approach, parties to administrative and legal relations always have subjective rights and legal obligations that are interconnected: each subjective right of one party corresponds to a legal obligation of the other, and vice versa;
- 6) they have a conscious-volitional character, because the state expresses its will to the people of Ukraine through the issuance of relevant administrative and legal norms, the participants of these relations exercise their will, realize the meaning of their actions and can bear responsibility for them;
- 7) administrative and legal relations are protected by the state, which promotes the implementation of subjective public rights and legal obligations, and in the case of an offense brings the guilty person to administrative or other legal responsibility;
- 8) do not belong to administrative and legal relations between public administration and objects of public management, if they are not based on law (Halunko, 2015: 39-40).

Based on the foundations of the theory of administrative law, any legal relationship consists of three elements: its object, the content of these relationships, and its subjects. Within the scope of our research, we are

interested in revealing the object of administrative and legal relations and revealing its content.

The basis of revealing the essence of the object of administrative and legal relations is the views of leading scientists and their commitment to the concept of defining the essence of the object of legal relations.

Representatives of the classical monistic concept, pointing to the unity of the object of legal relations, understand by the object what legal relations are aimed at: the behavior of subjects. In contrast to them, other scientists recognize as the object of legal relations what the subjective rights and obligations of the participants are aimed at (Chernadchuk, 2004; Tkachenko, 2020).

We are closer to a pluralistic concept regarding the object of legal relations, therefore, in our opinion, the object of legal relations in the field of social protection of persons with disabilities includes social rights and protection of a person who has persistent disorders of body functions, which in interaction with the external environment can lead to the restriction of her life activity (Law of Ukraine, 1991).

Based on the above, we will define the essence of administrative legal relations in the field of social protection of persons with disabilities, which should be understood as relations created by the norms of administrative law, the main purpose of which is to create social and legal and other rights and opportunities, to ensure social protection of persons with disabilities at the level with other citizens to participate in public life.

Based on the analysis of the works of leading scientists, we will highlight the signs of administrative and legal relations in the field of social protection of persons with disabilities.

The first sign is the subject composition of relations that arise between state management bodies at the level of central and local executive bodies, as specified in Art. 8 of the Law of Ukraine "On the Basics of Social Protection of Persons with Disabilities in Ukraine" dated March 21, 1991 No. 875-XII, and persons with disabilities.

The Ministry of Social Policy of Ukraine is the central body in the field of social policy provision, one of whose tasks is to ensure the formation and implementation of state policy in the field of social protection of the population, in particular persons with disabilities (Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine, 2015).

The next feature is the range of rights and responsibilities of these subjects in the field of social protection. Based on the foundations of international and current legislation in this area, the legal spectrum of the rights and obligations of persons with disabilities is characterized by all the constitutional rights of a citizen of Ukraine. On the other hand, persons

with disabilities have additional benefits as a person who has certain persistent disorders of body functions (health defects), respectively - has a special legal status.

Social protection of persons with disabilities is a component of the state's activities to ensure the rights and opportunities of persons with disabilities on an equal basis with other citizens and consists in the provision of pensions, state assistance, compensatory and other payments, benefits, social services, the implementation of rehabilitation measures, the establishment of guardianship or provision of third-party care (Law of Ukraine, 1991).

The specifics of the special legal status of a person with a disability are formed by international acts, starting with the UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, precedent practice of the European Court of Human Rights, and including national legislation that creates this status, primarily the Law of Ukraine "On the Basics of Social Protection of Persons with disabilities in Ukraine" dated March 21, 1991 No. 875-XII, "On the rehabilitation of persons with disabilities in Ukraine" dated October 6, 2005 No. 2961-IV, etc.

As we have already noted above, large-scale fighting is currently ongoing throughout the territory of Ukraine with the Russian Federation, as a result of its illegal invasion of the territory of our country. As a result of hostilities, a large percentage of the country's citizens are injured and killed, including not only military personnel and employees of internal affairs bodies, but also civilians and children.

As of January 15, 2023, the UN confirmed the number of dead among the civilian population in Ukraine since the military invasion of Russia is 7,031 people: 2,784 men, 1,875 women, 177 girls and 221 boys, as well as 35 children and 1,939 adults, whose gender is still unknown. Another 11,327 people were injured: 2,472 men, 1,764 women, 240 girls and 325 boys, as well as 262 children and 6,264 adults, whose gender is still unknown. Experts estimated that only from January 1 to 15, 104 civilians were killed and 284 were wounded. The UN notes that the majority of recorded civilian casualties are caused by the use of large-area explosive weapons, including heavy artillery and rocket launchers, as well as rocket and airstrikes (Sobenko, 2023).

As a result, the number of people with persistent health disorders and body functions is increasing, which leads to the limitation of their vital activities. Today, the indicated category of persons needs additional guarantees of social protection from the state, since these persons have received another type of trauma, such as psychological, and need special professional help. Current legislation does not provide for a specific type of social protection for persons who have suffered as a result of hostilities,

armed aggression or armed conflict. To date, there is no similar special legislative act that would provide for social protection of persons injured as a result of hostilities, armed aggression or armed conflict.

As for central and local bodies of executive power, the latter in accordance with Art. 9 of the Law of Ukraine "On the Basics of Social Protection of Persons with Disabilities in Ukraine" dated 21.03.1991 No. 875-XII with the participation of public associations of persons with disabilities, within the limits of their powers, carry out the development and coordination of long-term and short-term programs for the implementation of state policy regarding persons with disabilities and monitor their implementation, promote the development of international cooperation on issues related to persons with disabilities (Law of Ukraine, 1991).

The next feature of administrative and legal relations in the field of social protection of persons with disabilities is their legal nature, which is determined by the legal principles that form the basis of the formation of the state policy for the implementation of social protection of persons with disabilities and influence the formation of the relations of these subjects.

The fourth is their personification, which is expressed in the fact that state bodies, carrying out their activities in the field of social protection of the disabled and ensuring compliance with their rights and freedoms, enter into legal relations with the latter, which are expressed in the creation of legal, economic, political, social and household and socio-psychological conditions to meet their needs for health restoration, material support, vigorous work and social activities.

Social protection of the disabled by the state consists in the provision of financial assistance, means of transportation, prosthetics, orientation and perception of information, adapted housing, in the establishment of guardianship or third-party care, as well as in the adaptation of the development of settlements, public transport, means of communication and communication to the peculiarities of disabled (Law of Ukraine, 1991).

This feature should also include the function of coordination and control over the provision of social benefits, keeping records of persons who use these benefits. This function is entrusted to the central body of executive power, which implements state policy in the field of social protection of persons with disabilities. To automate the data bank, the Unified State Automated Register of Persons Entitled to Benefits was created in order to provide a unified state record of individuals entitled to benefits on social grounds (Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine, 2003).

The fifth sign of administrative and legal relations in the researched area should include the onset of legal liability in case of violation of the legislation regulating these relations. According to Art. 42 of the Law of Ukraine "On the Basics of Social Protection of Persons with Disabilities in Ukraine" dated March 21, 1991 No. 875-XII, persons guilty of violating the requirements of

this Law shall bear the material, disciplinary, administrative or criminal liability established by law (Law of Ukraine, 1991).

Also, Art. 161 of the Criminal Code of Ukraine for violation of the equality of citizens depending on their racial, national, regional affiliation, religious beliefs, disability and on other grounds - shall be punished by a fine of two hundred to five hundred tax-free minimum incomes of citizens or restriction of freedom for a period of up to five years, or deprivation of liberty for a term of up to three years, with or without deprivation of the right to hold certain positions or engage in certain activities for a term of up to three years (Criminal codex of Ukraine, 2001).

Conclusions

As a result of the study of the essence of the administrative and legal relations of social protection of persons with disabilities, which are one of the components of the construction of state policy aimed at providing these persons with ways of social adaptation as full-fledged citizens of society, and providing the opportunity to exercise their rights and responsibilities in full on a par with other citizens, it is advisable to make the following conclusions.

1. The essence of administrative and legal relations in the field of social protection of persons with disabilities lies in the legal nature of these relations, the basis of which are the norms of administrative law, the main purpose of which is the creation of social-legal and other rights and opportunities, ensuring social protection of persons with disabilities at the level with other citizens to participate in public life.
2. Features that reveal the legal nature of administrative and legal relations of social protection of persons with disabilities are highlighted, among which are highlighted:
 - the subject composition of legal relations, endowed with a range of rights and obligations for the implementation, on the one hand, of social protection of persons with disabilities, and on the other hand, the acquisition by these persons of a special legal status;
 - the legal nature of the relationship, determined by the legal principles that form the basis of the formation of the state policy for the implementation of social protection of persons with disabilities and influence the formation of the relations of these subjects;
 - personification of relations in the field of social protection of the disabled and ensuring compliance with their rights

- and freedoms, which includes the coordination function of providing social benefits, keeping records of persons who use these benefits;
- legal responsibility in case of violation of the legislation regulating these relations.
3. Today, in connection with the mass armed attacks of Russia on the territory of Ukraine with the use of explosive weapons with a large area of damage, the number of injured persons with various degrees of severity has increased, which leads to permanent disorders of the body - disability. In this regard, there is an urgent need to adopt a special legislative act that would provide for social protection of persons injured as a result of hostilities, armed aggression or armed conflict.

Bibliographic References

- BAKHMAT CITY COMMUNITY – 2017-2023. 2023. Available online. In: <https://bakhmach-mr.gov.ua/news/1672729446/>. Consultation date: 21/01/23.
- CHERNADCHUK, Victor. 2004. “Problems of defining the object of budgetary legal relations” In: *Legal Ukraine*. No. 2, pp. 34-38.
- CONVENTION ON THE RIGHTS OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES. 2006. Available online. In: https://zakon.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/995_g71#Text. Consultation date: 21/01/23.
- CRIMINAL CODEX OF UKRAINE. 2001. Available online. In: <https://zakon.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/2341-14#Text>. Consultation date: 21/01/23.
- HALUNKO, Valentine. 2015. *Administrative law of Ukraine (Vol.1). General administrative law*. Hrin D.S. Kherson, Ukraine.
- HARASHCHUK, Volodymyr; BOHUTSKYI, Volodymyr. 2010. *Administrative law*. Pravo. Kharkiv, Ukraine.
- KANDYBA, Sergii. 2020. “Concept of administrative and legal protection of persons with disabilities in Ukraine” In: *Entrepreneurship, economy and law*. No. 01, pp.101-105.
- KHARYTONOVA, Elena. 2004. *Administrative and legal relations (problems of theory)*. Odesa, Ukraine.
- KHOMENKO, Igor; HUMENIUK, Constantine; KOROL, Sergii; TSEMA, Eugene; MYKHAILUSOV, Rostislav; MAIDANIUK, Volodymyr;

- TERTYSHNYI, Sergey; POPOVA, Oksana. 2021. "Determination of the leading types of injuries of servicemen in modern military conflicts" In: Kharkiv Surgical School. Vol. 107, No. 02, pp. 128-133.
- KOLOMOIETS, Tatiana. 2011. Administrative law of Ukraine. Academic course. Kyiv, Ukraine.
- LAW OF UKRAINE. 1991. "On the basics of social protection of persons with disabilities in Ukraine" Available online. In: <https://zakon.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/875-12#Text>. Consultation date: 21/01/23.
- OFFICIAL WEBSITE OF THE MINISTRY OF SOCIAL POLICY OF UKRAINE. 2023. Available online. In: <https://www.msp.gov.ua/timeline/invalidnist.html>. Consultation date: 21/01/23.
- OFFICIAL WEBSITE OF THE OFIS HENERALNOHO PROKURORA UKRAINY. 2023. Available online. In: <https://www.gp.gov.ua/ua/posts/yuvenalni-prokurori-453-ditini-zaginulo-vnaslidok-zbroinoyi-agresiyi-rf-v-ukrayini-18605>. Consultation date: 21/01/23.
- PAROVYSHNYK, Alexandra. 2015. "To the issue of administrative and legal regulation in the field of education of the disabled in Ukraine" In: Problems of legality. No. 128, pp. 204-209.
- PASICHNICHENKO, Svetlana. 2010. "Administrative and legal regulation of social protection of the disabled" In: Journal of the Kyiv University of Law. No. 03, pp. 102-105.
- RESOLUTION OF THE CABINET OF MINISTERS OF UKRAINE, 2003. "On the unified state automated register of persons entitled to benefits". Available online. In: <https://zakon.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/117-2003-%Do%BF#Text>. Consultation date: 21/01/23.
- RESOLUTION OF THE CABINET OF MINISTERS OF UKRAINE. 2015. "On the approval of the regulation on the ministry of social policy of Ukraine". Available online. In: <https://zakon.rada.gov.ua/laws/show/423-2015-%Do%BF#Text>. Consultation date: 21/01/23.
- SOBENKO, Nadiy. 2023. "More than 7,000 civilians died in Ukraine due to the aggression of the Russian Federation – UN". Available online. In: <https://suspilne.media/360392-cerez-agresiu-rf-v-ukraini-zaginuli-ponad-7000-civilnih-oon/>. Consultation date: 23/01/23.
- TKACHENKO, Iryna. 2020. "The concept, content and structure of legal relations in the field of social protection of citizens" In: Herald of APSVT. No. 3-4, pp. 62-69. Available online. In: https://www.socosvita.kiev.ua/sites/default/files/Visnyk_3-4_2020-62-69.pdf. Consultation date: 11/01/23.



UNIVERSIDAD
DEL ZULIA

CUESTIONES POLÍTICAS

Vol.41 N° 78

*Esta revista fue editada en formato digital y publicada en julio de 2023, por el **Fondo Editorial Serbiluz**, Universidad del Zulia. Maracaibo-Venezuela*

www.luz.edu.ve
www.serbi.luz.edu.ve
www.produccioncientificaluz.org